

2019 Battelle Sediments Conference Remediation of a Former Oil Well, Leaking into a Freshwater Lake



TRC Environmental Corporation

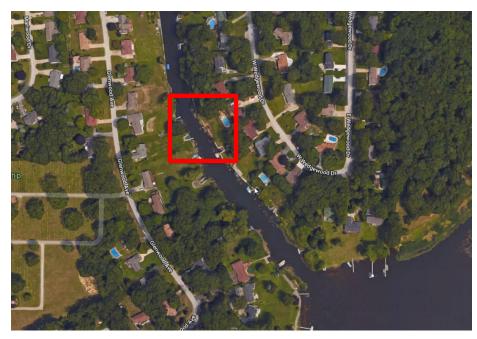
February 13, 2019

Outline of Topics

- Project Background
- Investigation, Feasibility Study, & Final Design
- Remedial Construction Highlights
- Initial O&M Observations
- Achievement of Cleanup & Community Success
- Questions



Project Background



Project Location, North Muskegon, MI

- LNAPL, consisting of weathered crude-oil, has been venting through the sediment, causing sheening on a tributary within the Muskegon Lake AOC.
- Sheens and oil slicks documented in Fenner's Ditch as early as 1978.
- An investigation performed in 2010 by the MDEQ indicated oil was migrating upward from depth.



Site Setting



Fall 2016



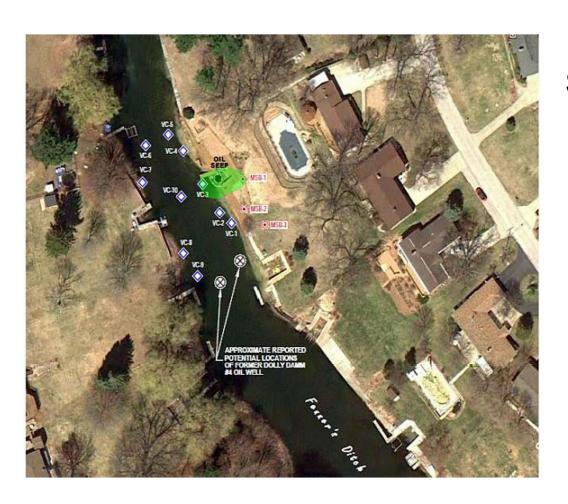


Historic Oil Production





2010 Investigation- Area of Impact



Scope of Work

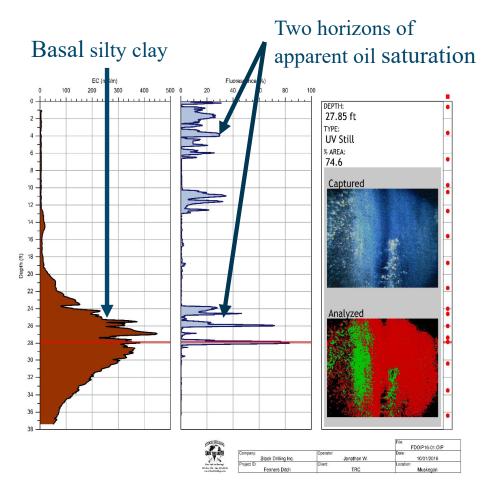
- Vibracore Sediment Sampling
- Soil/Groundwater Sampling
- Geophysical Survey
- Residential Drinking
 Water Well Sampling



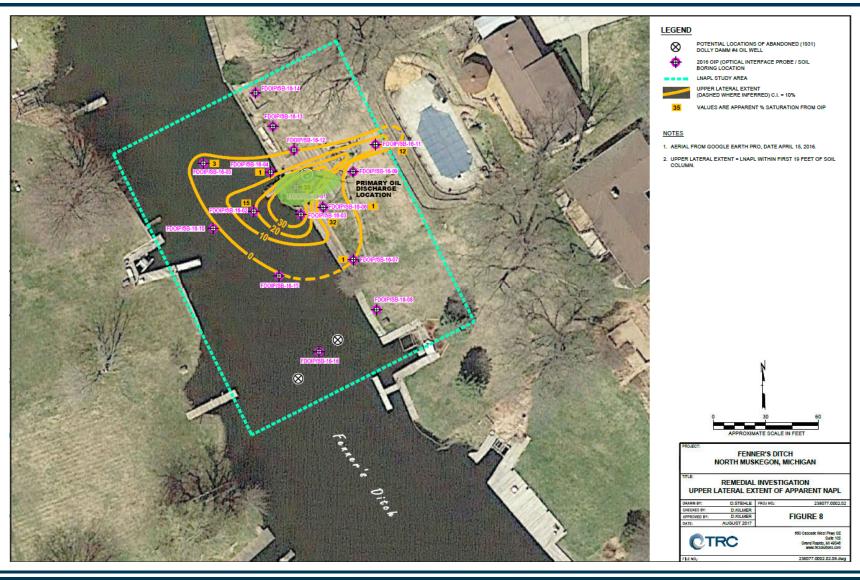
November 2016 Field Investigation



Barge-Mounted Geoprobe

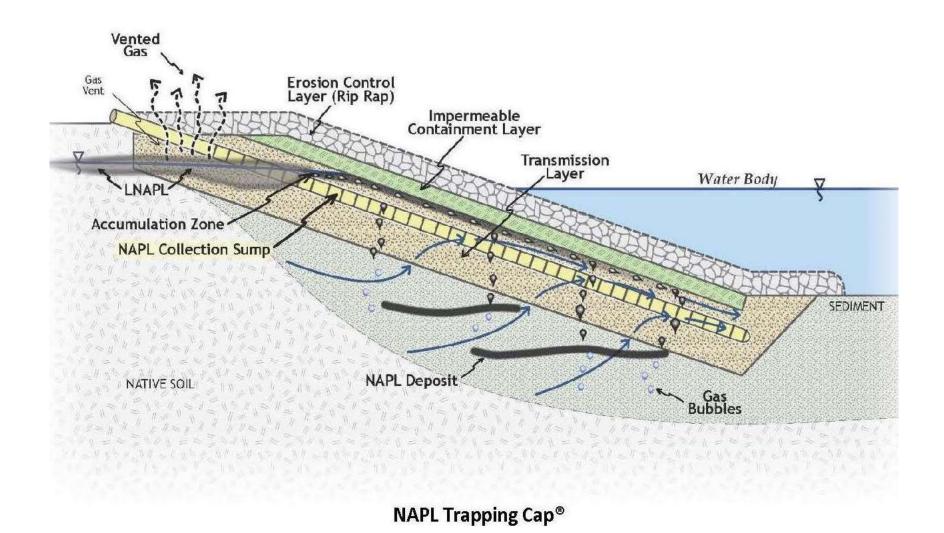


November 2016 Investigation Results



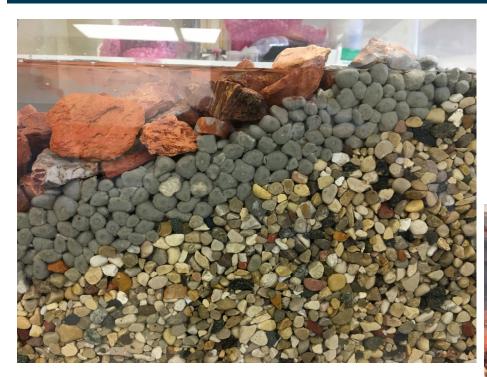


Remedy Selection





Bench-Scale (Sand Box) Testing



Protection Layer

Hydrated Aquablok® Layer

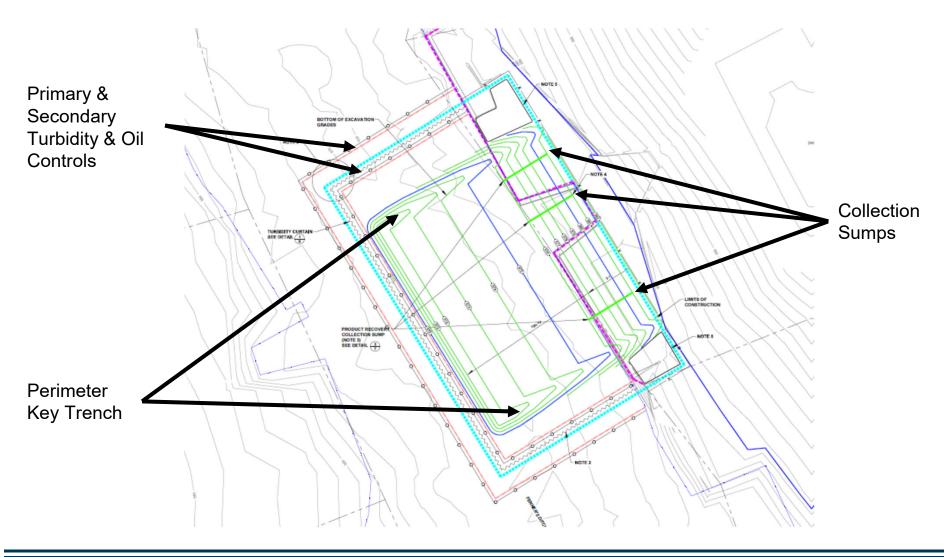
Surrogate Oil

Transmission Layer



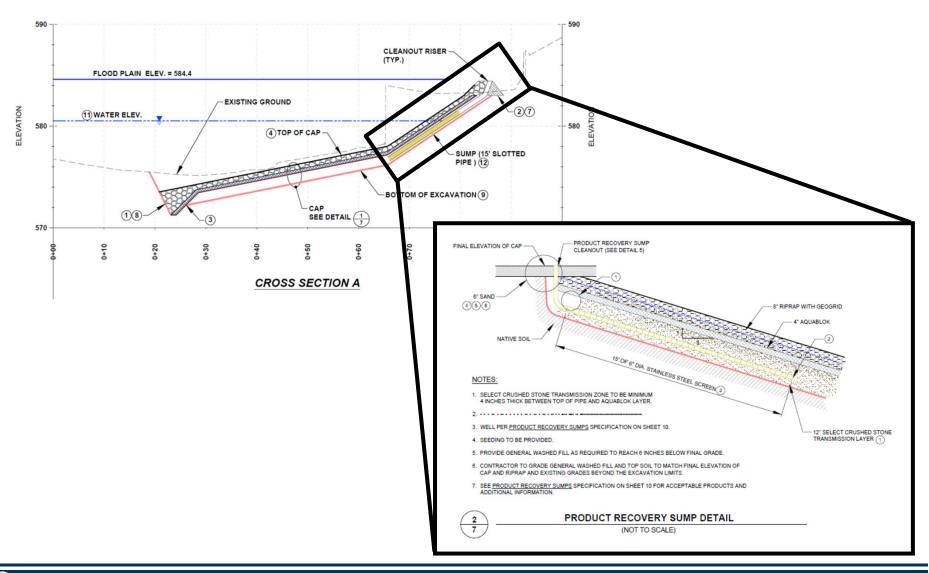


Design Overview





Design Overview





Expedited Remediation Timeline

- Construction Bidding & Award (Winter/Spring 2018)
- Permitting (Spring 2018)
 - Joint Permit obtained from the DEQ/US Army Corp of Engineers for work in the waterway.
 - MDNR approval for dredging during critical spawning window.
 - Contractor obtained local SESC Permit.
- Construction (June/July 2018)
 - 5 week duration from late June through July 2018.
 - Efforts coordinated with the July 4th holiday schedule and Township Park renovation schedule.



Remediation Overview

- Approximate Cap Area of 5,200 SF (65' x 80')
- Mechanical dredging resulted in the removal and disposal of approximately 480 CY of sediment
 - Sediment transported via hopper barge to staging area for T&D
 - Limited sediment stabilization required some water disposal-10,500 gal.
 - Primary and Secondary silt/oil containment (silt curtain, turbidity curtains, & absorbent oil booms)
- Backfilled to achieve design grades for each layer
- Restoration of shoreline



Remediation Overview- Excavation



Excavation & Grade Checking

Observed Oil During Excavation





Remediation Overview-Aquablok® Placement



Upland Aquablok® Placement

Protection Layer Placement





Before & After



Pre-Construction

Post-Construction



Initial O&M Observations

Monthly Inspections performed

- Sheens not observed in waterway.
- Oil accumulation observed in 1 out of the 3 installed sumps (visual to 1.5" thickness in center sump)

Preliminary Indicators of Biodegradation Observed

- Gas readings in sump headspace indicate intrinsic biodegradation is occurring.
- Low level methane (1%) and CO2 present (0% to 2%) within 3 months.



Achievement of Remediation and Community Success

- Remediation was effective
 - Mitigated sheen generation
 - Mitigated ambient odor issues
 - Low Long-Term Operation and Maintenance Costs for MDEQ
- Township & adjacent homeowners were pleased
 - Minimized waterway access limitations during construction
 - Minimized impacts to neighbors and community
 - Canal and shoreline have been restored and the Fenner's Ditch community is able to enjoy this natural resource once again



Questions

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John Rice, PE, PH TRC Environmental Corporation <u>jrice@trcsolutions.com</u>









Project Challenges



Challenges

- Methods for hydrating of Aquablok® Material
- Management/Removal of submerged posts.
- Minor post-construction corrections of final grade near shore.
- Keeping channel open during peak summer months.



Community Outreach



FOR ADDITIONAL

INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT:

DAVID BANDLOW

Grand Rapids District Office

FENNER'S DITCH OIL SEEP PROJECT

LAKETON TOWNSHIP, MUSKEGON COUNTY, MICHIGAN

The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have partnered to address an oil seep that has been observed discharging to a canal known as Fenner's Ditch, a 0.34 mile long canal on the north side of Bear Lake in Laketon. Township. Oil sheens and slicks have been observed on Fenner's Ditch for Township. Oil sheens and slicks have been observed on Fenner's Ditch for many years. Oil containment booms have been used to control the verifing oil; however, this is not considered to be an adequate long-term strategy. The purpose of the project is to conduct an investigation to better define the nature and extent of the oil seep, and then to select, design, and implement a remedy to control the venting oil. This work will be conducted by the DEQ and their approved consultants and contractors. Costs for the work will be administered by the EPA from a funding source made available from the Oil Pollution Act.

PROJECT BACKGROUND
Previous investigations have concluded that the likely source of the oil seep is an improperly abandoned oil well that was drilled and "plugged" around 1930. It an impose that crude oil is migrating up the old borehole and venting of the impose that crude oil is migrating up the old borehole and venting to the surface with the crude oil is migrating up the old borehole and venting to the surface with the crude oil is better that the crude oil is the crude oil in the crude oil is the surface with the crude oil is the crude oil in the crude oil is the crude oil in the crude oil is the provided when the wide submitted oil in the crude oil is the crude oil in the crude oil is the removed when the wide submitted oil is the crude oil is the crude oil in the crude oil is the removed when the wide submitted oil is the crude oil in the crude oil is the removed when the wide submitted oil is the crude oil in the crude oil is the removed when the wide submitted oil is the crude oil is the crude oil in the crude oil is the removed when the wide submitted oil is the crude oil is the crude oil is the removed when the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to the submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is the crude oil is migrating to be submitted oil is migrati address the venting oil. This project will be focused on implementing the



OIL SEEP INVESTIGATION

The first phase of work will involve investigating the oil seep through a series of soil borings and sediment cores. Field work is scheduled to begin October 31, 2016 and last through Novemt 18, 2016. The soil borings and sediment cores will be drilled in the canal and on land at the magenta-colored locations shown on the map below



PROJECT CONSIDERATIONS

Some of this work will involve the use of a small barge in the canal so that sediment cores from the canal bottom can be collected. While this work is occurring, oil containment booms will be deployed in the canal to intercept oil slicks that may be generated as a result of the work. Boat traffic will be allowed to pass through the canal on the outside of the containment booms whill work is occurring. On land, soil borings will only be conducted at properties where DEQ has been granted written access by the property owner.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS

The oil seep is preventing home owners and other users from enjoying the natural resources of the canal. There is potential that the oil is accumulating on vegetation and in sediments, which could have adverse effects on the local ecosystem. Contact with oil slicks on the water surface should be avoided. No petroleum constituents were detected in residential drinking water wells that were previously sampled in the area of the oil seep.

mation from the investigation will be used in the development of a long-term strategy for the site. It is expected that data from the investigation will be processed during the winter of 2016-2017 and an additional phase of work will be initiated in the spring/summer of 2017. The next phase of work may involve additional investigation or implementation of a remedy designed to

Department of Environmental Quality



The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have partnered to address an oil seep that has been observed discharging to a canal known as Fenner's Ditch, a 0.34 mile long canal on the north side of Bear Lake in Laketon Township. Oil sheens and slicks have been observed on Fenner's Ditch for many years. Oil containment booms have been seen observed on remine a such or many years. On considered to be an adequate used to control the verting oil, however, this is not considered to be an adequate long-term strategy. The purpose of this project is to implement a remedy to control the verting oil, including the construction of Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids (NAPL) trapping cap. This work will be conducted by the DEQ and their approved consultants and contractors. Costs for the work will be administered by the EPA from a funding

PROJECT BACKGROUND

Previous investigations have concluded that the likely source of the oil seep is a Previous investigations in make controlled that the likely source on the oil seeps as historic oil well that was dirited and "plugged" around 1930. It is possible that crude oil is migrating up the old borehole and venting to the surface water. Altempts to locate the boerhole have been unsuccessful, in part because the upper portion of steel casing used during well construction was removed when the well was abandoned. In 2015-2016, a feasibility study was conducted to identify the best will be focused on implementing the findings of that study.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PLEASE CO

DED Department of Environmental Quality

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PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION
The MDQC Project fram othermined the most feasible and cost-effective approach to managing the verting oil long term was the construction of a MART. Targoing Coa (see example below) to contain the crusts oil. The cap collects the verting oil and prevents if form entering the unifies water. The oil as contained in the structure untel sither of degreeds, or if a mescasary, a removed and disposed. One middle, the content is not existed, the content is not the seffective of the same detailed in the content that and the seffective oil to be set once to see of the same detailed.

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

- Construction of the cap is proposed to start in June 2018 and take 3 to 4 weeks
- 3 to 4 weeks.

 **Construction opcopringed and materials will be temporarily staged at the Laiston Township's fronton Beach Park for access to Fenness Dilbh. This will not significantly effect the public's use of the park.

 **Beat traffic in Fenness Dilbh will be unpenseded during construction to allow work to be completed quickly and safely—we look to be completed quickly and safely—we look to be completed by the middle of July.

